



# **Agenda**

- CCP Program
- The Four Scenarios
- Best Available Technology
- Jargon
- Economics
- Results
- What's Next?



## **CCP Public/Private Collaboration**





















**US Department** of Energy



European Union



Klimatek NorCap



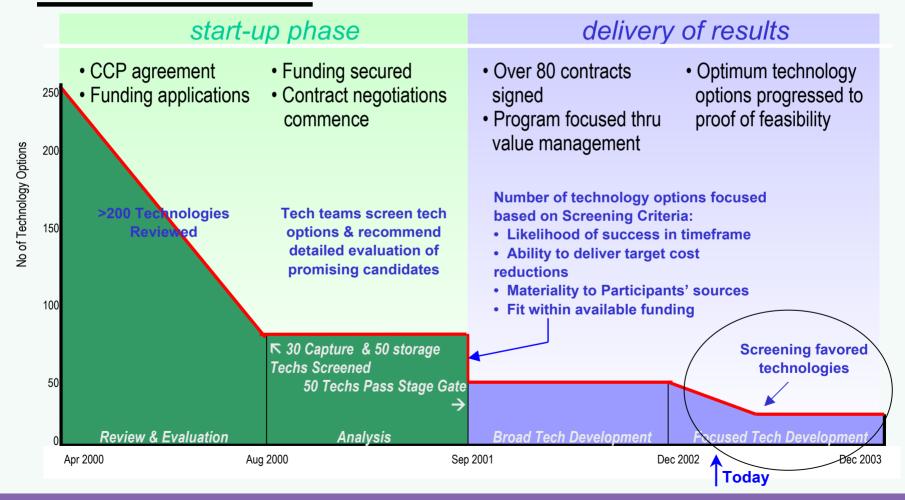
## **CCP Goals: Capture Technology**

- By the end of 2003
- For each Scenario (of 4), at least one technology has been developed, which (when compared to today's baseline) will:
  - a. Reduce the cost of Capture & Storage
    - By 50% for retrofit
    - By 75% for newbuild

May 6<sup>th</sup> 2003 NETL Conference



#### **CCP Timeline**





## **Why Scenarios?**

- Diverse, Real-life Situations
- Establish Baseline (uncontrolled emissions)
- Control with Today's Best Available Technology
- Technology Development
- Choose the Best New Technology
- Benchmark Improvement
  - a. on a like-for-like basis

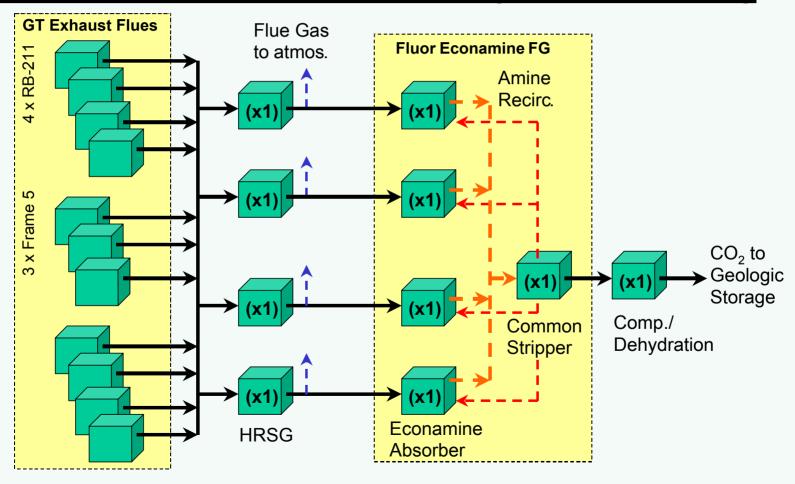


# **The Four Scenarios**

<u>Scenario</u>	Location	Fuel Source	Retrofit/ Newbuild	Uncontrolled Emission (mmtpa CO2)	CO2 Content (%)
Distributed Gas Turbines	Alaska, USA	Natural Gas	Retrofit	2.1	3%
Refinery	UK, Europe	Natural Gas & Liquids	Retrofit	4.0	8%
Large Gas Turbines	Norway	Natural Gas	Newbuild	1.2	5%
Petroleum Coke Gasification	Canada	Coke	Newbuild	7.4	10.5%

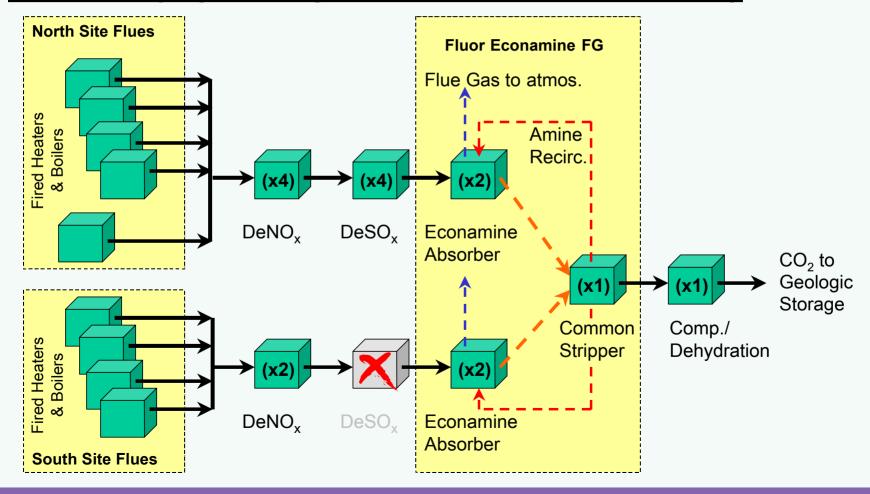


## **Distributed Gas Turbines (Alaska USA)**



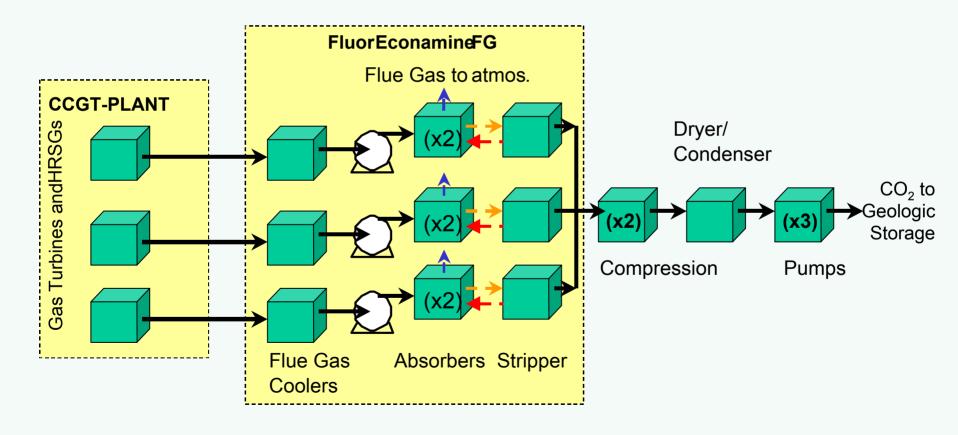


## Refinery (Grangemouth, UK Europe)



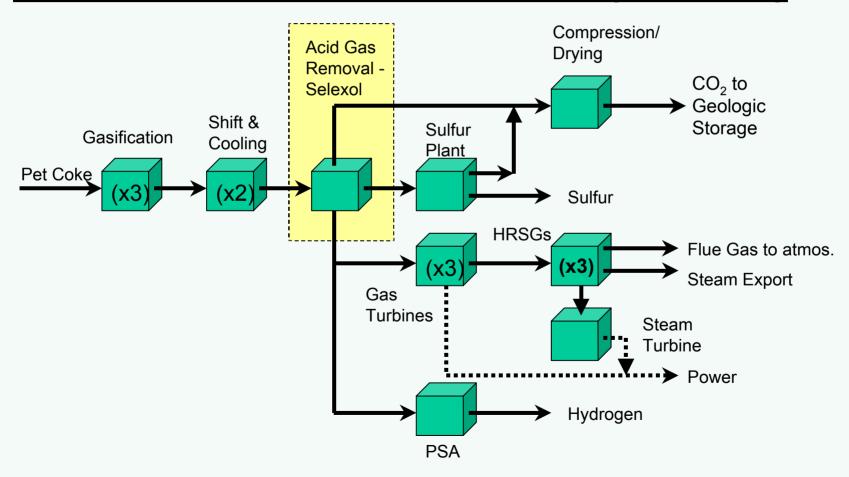


## **Very Large Turbines (Norway)**





## **Petroleum Coke Gasification (Canada)**





## **Best Available Technology**

- Post Combustion
  - Solvent-based CO<sub>2</sub> removal from flue gas
  - b. Several Vendors: Chose Econamine FG<sup>SM</sup> Process

- Pre Combustion
  - Physical solvent which can selectively remove H<sub>2</sub>S
     and CO<sub>2</sub> from high pressure syngas streams
  - Several Vendors: Chose Selexol

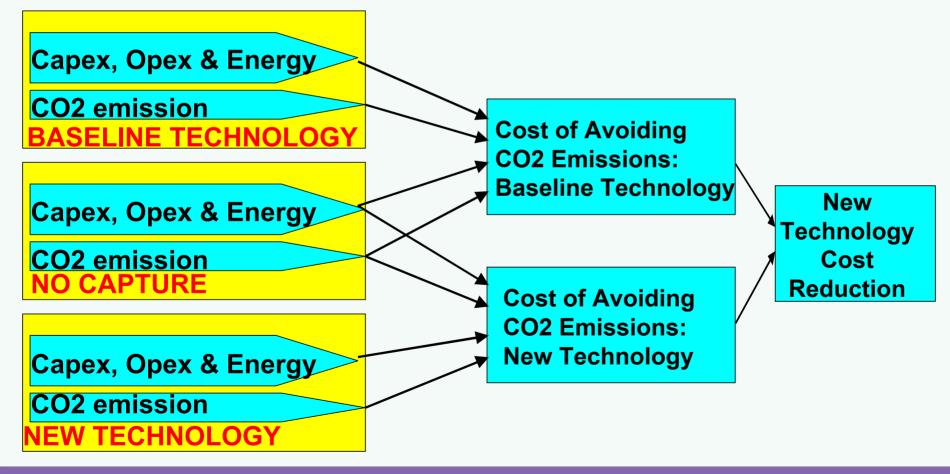


## **Cost Estimation: Jargon**

- CO2 Captured
  - Total capture-related cost (capex, O&M, energy) per tonne CO2 captured (direct)
- CO2 Avoided (different for retrofit cases)
  - Direct capture costs (above), minus CO2-content of energy "imports" (indirect)
- Normalized assuming US Gulf Coast location costs
- All CO2 costs calculated as normalized differentials between capture vs. non-capture cases
- Aim is to minimize the cost of CO2 avoided



## **Cost Reduction Calculation**





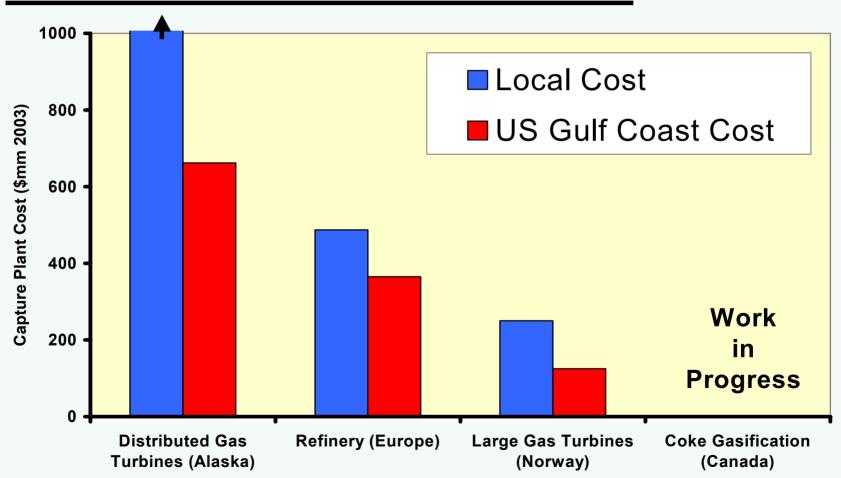
# How much CO2?

Scenario	Location	<u>Capture</u> Technology	CO2 Uncontrol	<u>CO2</u> Captured	CO2 Avoided
			(mmtpa CO2)	(mmtpa CO2)	(mmtpa CO2)
Distributed Gas Turbines	Alaska USA	EconAmine (Post-Combust)	2.1	1.9	2.0*
Refinery	UK Europe	EconAmine (Post-Combust)	4.0	2.2	1.5
Large Gas Turbines	Norway	EconAmine (Post-Combust)	1.2	1.0	0.9
Coke Gasification	Canada	Selexol (Pre-Combust)	7.4	6.8	6.8

<sup>\*</sup> Additional power is available

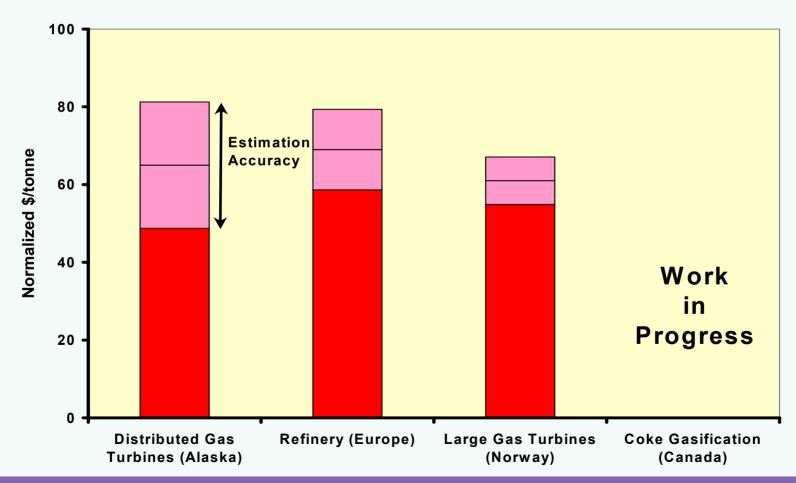


## **Normalization: Location Factor**





#### Normalized Baseline Costs: CO2 Avoided



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## **CCP Way Forward (Capture Technology)**

- Thru October 2003
  - Capture Technology Development
- June 2003
  - a. Choose best new technologies for each scenario
- July October 2003
  - a. Design & Costing for best new technology for each Scenario
- December 2003: Publish Results
  - a. www.co2captureproject.org
- March 2004
  - Final Stakeholder Workshops: Capture & Storage